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Administration

Administrative and
program operation of the...

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ADMINISTRATIVE AND PROGRAM OPERATION
OF THE
NATIONAL YOUTH ADMINISTRATION

June 26, 1935 - January 1, 1937



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Box 403

AUBREY WILLIAMS, Executive Director
National Youth Administration

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SECTION I

NATIONAL YOUTH ADMINISTRATION

President Roosevelt created the National Youth Administration by Executive Order No. 7086 on June 26, 1935, as a division of the Works Progress Administration. The major objectives of the National Youth Administration are as follows:

1. To provide funds for the part-time employment of needy school, college, and graduate students between 16 and 25 years of age so that they can continue their education.
2. To provide funds for the part-time employment on work projects of young persons, chiefly from relief families, between 18 and 25 years of age—the projects being designed not only to give these young people valuable work experience, but to benefit youth generally and the communities in which they live.
3. To encourage the establishment of job training, counseling, and placement services for youth.
4. To encourage the development and extension of constructive leisure-time activities.

As of December 31, 1936, the National Youth Administration had received net allocations of \$43,806,268 from funds made available by the Emergency Relief Act of 1935. These funds were for the operation of the program to June 30, 1936, and included \$1,500,000 for administrative purposes, \$25,106,268 for the Student-aid Program, and \$17,200,000 for the youth Works Program. In connection with these funds it should be pointed out that the Student-aid Program was operated on the basis of an academic year of 9 monthly payments, while the youth Works Program of last year was in operation for only 6 months, from January to June 30, 1936. This year's program has been planned for a 9 months' Student-aid Program and a 12 months' youth Works Program in accordance with the Emergency Relief Act of 1936 which fixed \$71,250,000 as the maximum appropriation to the National Youth Administration for the year ending June 30, 1937. At the present time, \$33,501,239 has been allocated to the States for the operation of the Student-aid and Works Program for the first 6 months of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1937, of which \$12,900,000 is for 4 months' operation of the Student-aid Program, and \$20,601,239 for the first 6 months' operation of the Works Program.

(Tables I to V give allocations and obligations by States for the student-aid and works program under the Emergency Relief Act of 1935 and the Emergency Relief Act of 1936, sec. II, pp. 15-18.)

Administrative.—The National Youth Administration was placed under the general supervision of the Administrator of the Works Progress Administration, and Mr. Aubrey Williams, Deputy Administrator of the Works Progress Administration, was named executive director.

The national office is small with a total staff of 86, which includes the personnel of the Federal Committee on Apprentice Training. The yearly budget for the national office is at present \$233,523, which is a monthly average of \$19,460.25.

(See table VI for January 1937, national office expense, sec. II, p. 19.)

The policy of the National Youth Administration has been to operate with the smallest possible overhead and the least amount of centralized control consistent with efficient administration. For this reason, the National Youth Administration has worked through already existing agencies wherever possible; and in accordance with this policy, youth administrations have been set up in each State, the District of Columbia, and New York City. For the purpose of extending the Student-aid Program, administrations have been set up in Alaska, Hawaii, and Puerto Rico.

(See table VII for State administrative expenses, sec. II, p. 19, which indicates administrative costs for each State youth administration for month of January 1937.)

Committees.—The President, by Executive order, appointed an Executive Committee and a National Advisory Committee, the members of which are representatives of labor, business, agriculture, education, and youth. Miss Josephine Roche is chairman of the Executive Committee. Mr. Charles W. Taussig is chairman of the National Advisory Committee.

As a part of the State administrative organization, State and local advisory committees have been formed, whose volunteer services have been relied upon to develop the youth program and auxiliary services most adaptable to a given locality. In 47 States and the District of Columbia, State advisory committees have been appointed, composed of 532 men and women representing labor, business, agriculture, education, youth, and other group organizations. Over 2,000 local committees have been formed with a total membership of about 25,000.

The program in operation.—The objectives of the National Youth Administration have been sought through five major programs—student aid, works program for out-of-school youth, vocational guidance and placement, apprentice training, and educational camps for

unemployed young women. During the first year of operation, the National Youth Administration reached in the peak month approximately 600,000 young people, and indirectly, a number estimated at between two and three million.

Student aid.—The Student-aid Program includes students between the ages of 16 and 25 attending secondary, undergraduate, and graduate schools. All nonprofit making, tax exempt educational institutions are eligible to institute programs of student aid and are granted quotas based on percentages of their regular enrollment. The school officials have the authority for selecting the students to be helped and for devising and supervising the work upon which these students are engaged. The only stipulations imposed by the National Youth Administration are that student-aid recipients shall be selected on the basis of need; that they shall carry at least three-quarters of a normal course of study; and that the work they perform shall be genuinely useful and not displace any of the school's regular employees.

Wages in the form of regular United States Treasury checks are paid directly to the students on the basis of time reports furnished by the school officials. While the hourly rates of pay vary from one locality to another, maximum monthly benefits are uniform. Students in secondary schools may earn a maximum of \$6 a month; college students, a maximum of \$20 a month; and graduates, a maximum of \$40 a month. Although these wages seldom are sufficient to meet a student's total educational expenses, they have prevented in thousands of cases the untimely ending of educational careers of young persons in low-income families. The National Youth Administration has provided the added income necessary for subsistence on the campus, for the purchase of text-books and supplies, for carfare and lunches, and even for small items of clothing. In fact, the Office of Education reported in 1935 that the average \$15 monthly wage was sufficient to cover the cost of a student's room and board in 20 percent of the participating colleges.

The sum of \$25,106,268 was allocated for the Student-aid Program for the academic school year of 9 months ending June 1936. The total obligations for this year amounted to \$24,052,000. The sum of \$12,900,000 has been allocated for the first 4 months' Student-aid Program of the academic year 1936-37.

(See tables I-V, sec. II, pp. 15-18.)

Work is required of all student-aid recipients and the experience thus acquired has in many cases proved as valuable as the wages earned. Clerical and office work; library, museum, and laboratory assistance; the conducting of forums, adult education classes, and other civic services; special research; grounds and building maintenance are among the types of work found for students to perform. In the case of college and graduate students a special effort is made to

assign them to tasks consistent with the courses of study being followed, thus giving practical application to the theory of the classroom.

In the month in which the student-aid activities were most extended (April 1936) a total of 404,732 secondary-school, college, and graduate students were employed. This number included 219,542 male and 185,190 female students. Of the total number, 275,337 were secondary-school students, earning an average wage of \$5.45 for the month; 122,675 were undergraduate college students, earning an average of \$12.69 for the month; and 6,720 were graduate students, earning an average of \$19.25 for the month. The majority of eligible schools, colleges, and graduate schools in the United States participated in the program; and in the same month of April 1936, this number comprised 17,999 secondary schools, 1,593 colleges, and 224 graduate schools. The Student-aid Program, which has now been extended to Puerto Rico, Hawaii, and Alaska, will operate at about the same level as it did last year except that increases have been made in States seriously affected by the drought.

(Tables VIII to XII, pp. 20-32 for the months of September 1935; January and April 1936; November and December 1936, give a picture by States of the number of schools, the number of students, total earnings, and average monthly earnings for the school-, college-, and graduate-aid program.)

N. Y. A. Works Program.—Funds were first made available in November 1935 for the development of work projects for the employment of young men and women between 16 and 25 years of age, out of school and members of families certified for employment to the Works Progress Administration. The sum of \$17,200,000 was authorized for the Works Program for its operation to June 30, 1936. Approximately \$40,000,000 has been set aside for the employment of young people between 18 and 25 years of age on the Works Program of the National Youth Administration during the year ending June 30, 1937. Eligibility for work on projects now includes young people from families eligible to receive any form of public assistance. The sum of \$20,601,239 has been allocated for the operation of the first 6 months' Works Program.

(See Tables I to V, sec. II, pp 15-18, for allocations and obligations by States.)

The work projects for youth were under way in January 1936. From then on, there was a rapid increase in the number employed each month, the maximum number employed in any one month being 182,477.

The table which follows shows employment and earnings on National Youth Administration projects through December 1936. A balanced distribution of work activities to the sexes is indicated, as the number of young women employed steadily increased from 39 percent in

January to 49 percent in December. Young people certified in need of relief have averaged 95 percent of the total number employed since the beginning of the Works Program. The average wage earned by youths on projects was \$15.49 for one-third time and pay during this period.

(See tables XI and XII, sec. II, pp. 26-33, for November and December 1936, employment on National Youth Administration projects by States, total earnings, and average earnings.)

A review of projects developed in the various States indicates that there has been maintained a definite relationship between the type of project developed and the factors affecting the achievement of a balanced youth program in each community. Since projects were designed to provide legitimate jobs for youth in activities which would be useful to the community—particularly in enlarging its services to youth—consideration has been given to the employment of the proper relative number of urban and rural youth on the program, the proper relative number of white youth, colored youth, and other special youth groups such as Mexican and Spanish-American, and the proper relative number of young men and young women.

Employment and earnings on projects operated by the National Youth Administration, January through December 1936

[Subject to revision]

Month	Number of projects	Total	Males	Females	Certified as in need of relief	Nonrelief	Total earnings	Average wage
1936								
January.....	1,110	15,681	9,539	6,142	14,558	823	\$171,367	\$10.39
February.....	4,164	76,698	46,531	30,157	73,217	3,481	1,027,458	12.80
March.....	5,561	106,271	65,531	40,740	106,729	6,542	2,120,305	12.80
April.....	6,610	180,353	105,229	75,124	173,129	7,224	2,890,442	16.03
May.....	5,781	177,552	99,524	78,028	164,315	13,237	2,894,520	16.13
June.....	5,494	182,477	99,823	82,654	168,172	14,307	3,028,435	16.16
July.....	4,923	164,373	88,133	76,240	150,091	14,282	2,561,683	15.58
August.....	3,576	155,430	82,391	73,039	140,730	14,700	2,493,496	16.04
September.....	3,330	164,908	86,647	78,261	149,267	15,641	2,721,171	16.50
October.....	3,485	164,428	84,677	79,751	148,199	16,229	2,781,832	16.91
November.....	.....	167,239	84,266	82,973	152,681	14,558	2,900,441	17.46
December.....	.....	175,672	88,483	87,189	157,689	17,983	3,021,431	17.39

¹ Data for New York City not available.

Projects in different communities are related so far as possible to the training, work experience, skills, and aptitudes of qualified youths. They are being operated in close cooperation with existing local groups conversant with the community's needs and with other governmental programs so that National Youth Administration projects supplement and do not duplicate or conflict with other youth services throughout the country.

Nearly 50 percent of youth reporting for work on National Youth Administration projects have had no previous work experience, and

an encouraging outgrowth of the works program of the National Youth Administration has been the number of youths who have been rehabilitated and placed in private employment and the number who, as a result of their employment, have returned to school for further education and training.

The average estimated turn-over of youths employed on National Youth Administration projects has been about 10 percent every 5 weeks so that up to the present time more than 100,000 youths have passed through the Works Program to school, private employment, or some other more permanent relationship. It is significant that in general youths are not staying on indefinitely on National Youth Administration projects.

A recent analysis of approved work projects was undertaken to determine approximately the relative number of youths assigned to assist in various types of socially useful activities. Approximately 24 percent of the total of 180,703 assigned to projects were at work on recreation and youth community service projects. Of the number employed under projects of this type, a minority were engaged in direct leadership service to the community. The majority assisted adult leaders in various ways—qualified, responsible youths only being used for leadership. About 10 percent were assigned to construction projects which give an opportunity to acquire skills in trades, such as carpentering and bricklaying. About 14 percent of the youths were assigned to public-service projects which involved work in governmental and public institutional offices and other types of community service, which made possible the training of these youths in a wide range of clerical work, as well as acquainting them with the operation of governmental and public services. The table which follows shows the number assigned to 17 types of work activities:

Total estimated youth employment by work activities by approved work projects

Types of work activities:	Number of youths
1. Recreation and youth community service.....	43,497
2. Library service.....	7,730
3. Training in public service.....	26,189
4. Domestic science.....	7,447
5. Sewing.....	10,052
6. Research.....	1,462
7. Manual crafts.....	7,791
8. Arts.....	3,199
9. Information.....	2,173
10. Exhibits.....	577
11. Guide service.....	22
12. Agriculture.....	7,404
13. Building, construction and renovation.....	18,149

Total estimated youth employment by work activities by approved work projects—Continued

Types of work activities—Continued.	Number of youths
14. Land development.....	30,076
15. Highway beautification.....	4,674
16. Visual aid.....	798
17. Miscellaneous training.....	963
Total.....	180,703

¹ This total includes 8,500 young people in Oklahoma, who are not classified.

A very careful analysis of the Works Program is being made to the end that the type of work which a youth does on a National Youth Administration project may bear definite relationship to future employment and to the work opportunities in his community. Particular emphasis is now being given to the development of construction projects to develop these skills in youths which are most in demand in industry at the present time. In the employment of rural youths, special efforts are being made to develop projects contributing to soil conservation, such as terracing of land, construction of earth dams, small ponds, lakes, etc., in cooperation with the United States Department of Agriculture.

Physical facilities for recreation—parks, playgrounds, community centers, etc., which civic budgets had permitted to deteriorate or failed to provide—have been rebuilt and enlarged. Hundreds of parks and playgrounds have been improved or developed, and thousands of units of playground equipment have been produced in workshops with National Youth Administration labor. Community centers have been created or revitalized in many localities. Social and athletic activities have been supplemented with handicraft classes; drama, art, music, and literary groups have been organized. Forums and round-table discussions have opened new horizons to intellectuals of youths from families existing on substandard wages. Library and book repair projects have supplied thousands of people living in rural areas with reading material. By the addition of N. Y. A. workers to regular library staffs, libraries in many cities have been enabled to broaden their usefulness. Several States have instituted traveling and circulating library projects to remote communities where no library facilities have existed before. National Youth Administration workers have repaired books, salvaged abused and discarded volumes and placed them again in circulation.

The Works Program of the National Youth Administration may be proud of the contributions it has made to the creation and maintenance of employability on the part of youths who are out of school and out of work. It has helped them obtain the necessary work experience and brings them in touch with work opportunities in private industry.

Community organization.—The success of the National Youth Administration has been largely dependent upon the excellent response from organizations and agencies, both nationally and locally, which have cooperated in furthering services to youth under the National Youth Administration program. Public agencies have cosponsored projects and private agencies have opened their facilities to increase and expand recreational training and opportunities to youths. Some 150 national organizations and over 300 local organizations have been contacted and are working cooperatively on the program. There is every evidence that a lasting contribution will result from the awakening of the communities' consciousness to the needs and problems of its youth.

An index of national organizations working in behalf of youth is being prepared; and a manual for distribution to all workers and youth organizations which will contain a bibliography of all available Government material regarding occupations and recreational activities as well as other pertinent facts of general information relative to the organization of youth groups is also in preparation.

Vocational guidance and placement.—Vocational guidance is recognized by all educational authorities as an essential service to youth in the present complexity of society, but it has been made available in only a limited number of the larger and more progressive schools. For those who have left school, especially those large numbers who drop out before graduation from a secondary school, there is practically nothing. The National Youth Administration has attempted to meet this need through its vocational guidance and placement service, making such service available to those thousands of youths who have passed beyond the classroom and have come to grips with the problem of making a living.

Some activity of this sort is in evidence in nearly every State, the program being shaped to the needs peculiar to the various communities. Most commonly the work consists of furnishing occupational information about the various fields of work which are open to the youth of the community, giving an outline of the training requirement, the pay and promotional possibilities, and the relative availability of jobs. This is done sometimes through classes for out-of-school youth which meet in school buildings, churches, community centers, or the quarters of various social agencies. It is done sometimes through the preparation of pamphlets which are given wide distribution among young people and the agencies serving them. In a few cities where technical assistance can be obtained from cooperating sponsors, individual guidance bureaus have been set up where the young job seekers' talents and preferences are analyzed and information is given him about possible lines of employment and training. Through these efforts thousands of young people are being advised

about vocations for which they are intellectually and temperamentally suited and a corresponding number of future misfits averted.

Job counseling is a fruitless effort, however, if there are no jobs for the counseled to fill. Accordingly, a service of equal importance—a junior placement service—has been established to parallel the work in vocational guidance. Under this program junior placement counselors, paid by the National Youth Administration, have been placed on the staffs of public employment offices in 46 cities in 20 States of the country. Their function is to receive the applications of job seekers between 16 and 25 years of age, whether connected with the National Youth Administration or not, to gauge their experience and abilities, and to search out the jobs for which they are fitted.

The sum of \$61,847.50 was authorized from January to June 30, 1936, during which period 25 offices in 10 States were established. The sum of \$200,000 has been designated for the year ending June 30, 1937, and the number of junior placement offices has increased from 25 to 46, as listed below:

Alabama: Birmingham.	Kentucky: Louisville.
Arkansas: Little Rock.	Louisiana: New Orleans.
California: Los Angeles, San Francisco.	Massachusetts: Boston, Springfield, Worcester.
Connecticut: Bridgeport, Hartford, New Haven.	Michigan: Detroit.
District of Columbia.	Nebraska: Omaha.
Florida: Jacksonville, Miami, Tampa.	New Hampshire: Concord, Manchester, Nashua.
Illinois: Chicago, Danville, Decatur, East St. Louis, Joliet, Rockford, Springfield.	New York: New York City (Bronx and Brooklyn).
Indiana: Indianapolis.	North Carolina: Charlotte, Durham.
Iowa: Cedar Rapids, Council Bluffs, Davenport, Des Moines, Dubuque, Fort Dodge, Sioux City, Waterloo.	Oklahoma: Oklahoma City, Tulsa.
	Rhode Island: Providence.
	Texas: Fort Worth, Dallas, Houston.

These offices have been in operation for varying periods of 2 to 8 months and the resulting figures show at the end of December, 1936 that—

65,701 different young people have registered;
24,941 have been placed at jobs in private industry;
16,448 employers have been personally visited and solicited for jobs.

It should be noted that these results have been accomplished from the limited funds available in the national administrative Budget. Pending location in private employment, an opportunity for work is given youths at public expense that will keep them from idleness and provide a try-out experience.

Apprentice training.—In line with a program for youth, the National Youth Administration has cooperated with and paid the administrative expenses of the Federal Committee on Apprentice Training. This Committee came into existence during the National Recovery Act with the principal objective of encouraging employers and employees to provide as many young men and women with opportunities to learn a skilled trade, under conditions providing broad training and satisfactory wages, as the trades can be expected to absorb into employment upon completion of the training period. The allotment of funds during the past year was \$53,311, and a budget for the same amount has been approved for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1937. The salary and travel expense cost from February 1, 1936, to November 1, 1936, was \$35,498.07, an average of \$3,944.23 per month, or at the rate of \$47,330.76 per annum.

There are 42 State apprentice committees and two States—Oregon and Wisconsin—have apprenticeship agencies established by State laws. Cooperating State apprentice committees consist of equal representation from employers and employees and a representative from the State labor department, State employment service, State vocational school system, and the State director of the National Youth Administration.

There are 150 local trade apprentice committees. These committees are joint agencies set up by local employers' and employees' organizations for the promotion and administration of local trade apprentice programs. Experience has demonstrated that the development and education of such local agencies is the most effective means for the achievement of results. The Federal Committee has recommended that every possible effort be made to assist in the setting up of such local administrative agencies.

The Apprentice Training Committee has had 60 local apprentice training plans adopted, 956 apprentices indentured, and 1,892 estimated to be indentured within a short period of time. A number of other programs have been established which have incorporated many of the standards of the Federal Committee, but have not been accepted in full.

The staff of the Federal Committee through field contacts and correspondence is frequently called upon to furnish advice and assistance on the conduct of apprenticeship programs. Many of these have not, so far, seen their way clear to accept in full the standards recommended by the Federal Committee. However, the requested assistance is given freely. It is recognized that every new apprentice training program started under fair standards and every improvement made in existing programs is a definite aid to the youth employed under these programs.

At the meeting of the American Federation of Labor held in Tampa, Fla., in November 1936, the following resolution was passed:

Whereas the Federal Committee on Apprentice Training has been set up by the United States Government to foster and promote indentured apprenticeship in the skilled trades throughout the country;

Whereas labor and management are equally represented on this Committee and on State committees appointed in the various States to develop indentured apprenticeship in cooperation with the Federal Committee;

Whereas acceptable standards for the protection of apprentices have been developed by the Federal Committee and adopted by the various State agencies;

Whereas the Federal Committee has advanced the indenture principle of apprenticeship by securing the adoption of national standards through whole industries, such as plumbing in which the United Association of Journeymen Plumbers and Steamfitters of the United States and Canada and the National Association of Master Plumbers have each officially endorsed a detailed plan outlining standards, methods, and procedures, and a similar plan has been developed for the painting and decorating industry;

Whereas the Federal Committee has strengthened apprenticeship by getting recommended standards adopted by national trade associations, international unions, and State and local public agencies, and this has resulted in improved working conditions and training of youth for entrance into the skilled trades;

Whereas State and local trade advisory committees upon which labor and management are equally represented have been established to determine the rules and regulations under which apprenticeship shall be conducted, such as wages, hours, quotas, length of apprenticeship, content of schedule of processes, and amount of related instruction;

Whereas the representatives of organized labor have actively participated in every phase of the program, and several State federations of labor and international unions have officially endorsed it;

Whereas one of the objectives of the American Federation of Labor has been to develop indentured apprenticeship in the organized trades based on the assumption that fair wage levels and working conditions can be maintained only by preventing the over-supply of untrained mechanics and the development of a reasonable supply of skilled mechanics: Therefore, in view of the fact that this program is based on sound American policies, be it

Resolved, That the American Federation of Labor endorse the policy and program of the Federal Committee on Apprentice Training and recommend that the program be expanded; be it further

Resolved, That the Congress of the United States be urged to appropriate sufficient funds to the United States Labor Department to carry on the activities of the Federal Committee; and be it further

Resolved, That State Federations of Labor be urged to take an active interest in the passage of State apprentice laws to safeguard the standards of apprentice training laid down in the Federal program.

Camps for unemployed young women.—For the year 1936-37 the Division of Educational Camps of the National Youth Administration was created. Fifty camps are expected to be established at a total cost not to exceed \$1,166,000. The average expenditure for each camp will be \$3,330 a month during the period of operation.

The purpose of these resident undertakings is not only to reestablish the morale of these girls who have grown to young womanhood in a

period of family and community dejection, but to teach them by practice and experience the responsibilities of living in a democracy. In the course of living together they come to respect the rights of others and through representative student government and concern for the behavior of the camp as a whole, they develop a sense of responsibility which can later be directed to their personal lives and their home communities. On return home the girls are assisted in obtaining employment either on Youth Administration projects or in private industry through the public employment office.

The 1936-37 undertaking is a part of the Works Program. In every camp the girls are engaged in useful employment, in addition to camp maintenance, and earn their subsistence and \$5 in cash each month. The work, whether it is the making of hospital supplies, recreation equipment, or labor in tree nurseries, becomes part of the educational program and is discussed in terms of material and human conservation. The camps are to be open throughout the year with camp terms of 3 or 4 months for each girl. The monthly cost per girl averages approximately \$40. This low cost is accomplished by using camps or school buildings which can be had at a nominal rent and by securing a number of staff members who are already engaged on a work project and can be transferred to this undertaking. The cost is also kept low because a large number of girls, from eighty to a hundred, is in attendance at each camp.

On January 1, 1937, 20 camps had been authorized in 16 States. There were about 1,200 young women enrolled in these camps on the opening dates. Requests which have come from the State youth directors thus far will soon complete the quota of 50 camps for this year's program. The establishment of a camp in each instance is a response to popular sentiment in the community. The camp program will bring work, recreation, education, and new opportunities in their home communities to approximately 5,000 young women during this year.

NATIONAL YOUTH ADMINISTRATION

Section II

TABULATIONS AND TABLES

TABLE I.—Status of N. Y. A. funds by States, 1935 Emergency Relief Act, Dec. 31, 1936

[Warrants issued]

ALLOCATIONS BY THE PRESIDENT

States	Student aid	Works program	Total
Alabama.....	\$353,661.00	\$253,300	\$606,961.00
Arizona.....	117,052.00	91,800	208,852.00
Arkansas.....	296,211.00	278,100	574,311.00
California.....	1,487,015.00	649,500	2,136,515.00
Colorado.....	334,210.00	203,600	537,810.00
Connecticut.....	219,600.00	200,400	419,000.00
Delaware.....	22,063.00	14,450	36,513.00
Florida.....	281,082.00	205,500	486,582.00
Georgia.....	142,384.00	303,000	445,384.00
Idaho.....	152,284.00	71,800	224,084.00
Illinois.....	1,541,176.00	713,133	2,254,309.00
Indiana.....	620,632.76	494,000	1,114,632.76
Iowa.....	501,130.00	164,000	665,130.00
Kansas.....	520,223.00	419,500	939,723.00
Kentucky.....	553,947.00	333,400	1,097,347.00
Louisiana.....	384,598.00	252,800	637,398.00
Maine.....	107,918.00	82,850	190,768.00
Maryland.....	247,561.00	132,807	380,368.00
Massachusetts.....	622,554.00	613,000	1,235,554.00
Michigan.....	896,280.00	700,000	1,596,280.00
Minnesota.....	396,027.00	418,673	814,700.00
Mississippi.....	287,277.00	183,600	470,877.00
Missouri.....	632,702.00	452,500	1,085,202.00
Montana.....	170,592.00	115,000	285,592.00
Nebraska.....	310,312.00	167,000	477,312.00
Nevada.....	16,972.00	5,300	22,272.00
New Hampshire.....	76,878.00	45,600	122,478.00
New Jersey.....	482,238.00	501,842	984,080.00
New Mexico.....	102,888.00	136,000	238,888.00
New York City.....	1,488,511.00	847,100	2,335,611.00
New York State.....	1,003,620.00	755,000	1,758,620.00
North Carolina.....	333,481.00	146,803	480,284.00
North Dakota.....	223,613.00	217,300	440,913.00
Ohio.....	1,333,338.00	946,250	2,279,588.00
Oklahoma.....	735,762.00	504,700	1,240,462.00
Oregon.....	207,101.00	84,800	291,901.00
Pennsylvania.....	2,050,896.00	1,675,500	3,726,396.00
Rhode Island.....	123,556.00	76,800	200,356.00
South Carolina.....	350,452.00	279,522	629,974.00
South Dakota.....	283,653.00	287,400	571,053.00
Tennessee.....	523,778.00	317,719	841,497.00
Texas.....	1,136,163.00	712,000	1,848,163.00
Utah.....	221,450.00	111,600	333,050.00
Vermont.....	65,947.00	26,000	91,947.00
Virginia.....	425,654.00	285,500	711,154.00
Washington.....	403,991.80	211,100	615,091.80
West Virginia.....	413,463.00	444,400	857,863.00
Wisconsin.....	671,078.00	484,500	1,155,578.00
Wyoming.....	42,898.00	36,250	79,148.00
District of Columbia.....	142,234.00	31,000	173,234.00
Total United States.....	24,818,743.36	16,918,366	41,737,111.36
Not allocated.....	287,522.44	287,634	575,156.44
Grand total.....	25,106,265.80	17,206,000	42,312,265.80

* \$1,000,000 was allocated for administrative purposes; total allocations—\$43,800,268.

TABLE II.—Status of N. Y. A. funds by States, 1935 Emergency Relief Act, Dec. 31, 1936

States	OBLIGATIONS		
	Student aid	Works program	Total
Alabama	\$340,636.50	\$211,372.76	\$552,009.26
Arizona	115,916.32	58,410.82	174,327.14
Arkansas	285,461.76	221,076.01	506,537.77
California	1,486,428.29	614,178.02	2,100,606.31
Colorado	332,548.55	196,637.45	529,186.00
Connecticut	195,595.77	190,263.63	385,859.40
Delaware	20,566.64	13,417.37	33,984.01
Florida	281,008.24	213,415.55	494,423.79
Georgia	541,663.59	288,014.37	829,677.96
Idaho	151,704.20	52,587.66	204,291.86
Illinois	1,503,890.00	657,361.02	2,161,251.02
Indiana	620,632.76	471,493.35	1,092,126.11
Iowa	478,664.51	95,669.69	574,334.20
Kansas	515,174.89	375,496.59	890,671.48
Kentucky	526,723.35	474,964.75	1,001,688.11
Louisiana	348,500.93	188,749.70	537,250.63
Maine	107,871.18	77,399.68	185,270.86
Maryland	524,967.89	55,703.04	580,670.93
Massachusetts	600,911.88	578,222.64	1,179,134.52
Michigan	545,050.29	680,871.42	1,225,921.71
Minnesota	593,647.69	387,223.39	980,871.08
Mississippi	285,625.38	180,174.43	465,800.81
Missouri	628,298.38	392,430.79	1,020,729.17
Montana	167,716.92	100,646.30	268,363.22
Nebraska	390,677.05	153,793.90	544,470.95
Nevada	16,388.37	4,712.70	21,101.07
New Hampshire	72,927.35	45,430.00	118,357.35
New Jersey	422,848.85	446,300.91	869,149.76
New Mexico	102,672.70	132,253.72	234,926.42
New York City	1,437,282.13	783,565.51	2,220,847.64
New York State	945,294.33	678,102.33	1,623,396.66
North Carolina	508,733.75	116,052.29	624,786.04
North Dakota	220,725.54	187,102.75	407,828.29
Ohio	1,281,136.88	854,040.21	2,135,177.09
Oklahoma	707,533.72	427,887.46	1,135,421.18
Oregon	294,690.01	77,941.80	372,631.81
Pennsylvania	1,916,952.27	1,638,243.10	3,555,195.37
Rhode Island	121,598.64	70,699.24	192,297.88
South Carolina	340,228.04	237,338.47	577,566.51
South Dakota	251,774.32	257,574.34	509,348.66
Tennessee	97,982.19	246,245.45	344,227.64
Texas	1,196,488.40	654,363.17	1,850,851.57
Utah	218,493.69	92,041.28	310,534.97
Vermont	64,181.38	25,608.11	89,789.49
Virginia	412,596.65	294,528.53	707,125.18
Washington	403,991.89	185,140.17	589,132.07
West Virginia	410,667.66	349,736.21	760,403.87
Wisconsin	667,537.52	1,129,431.22	1,796,968.74
Wyoming	45,985.60	31,508.56	77,494.16
District of Columbia	132,583.10	27,979.02	160,562.12
Total, United States	24,062,099.85	15,243,162.71	39,305,262.56

TABLE III.—National Youth Administration funds, by States 1936 Emergency Relief Act, Dec. 31, 1936

States	ALLOCATIONS BY THE PRESIDENT		
	Student aid	Works program	Total
Alabama	\$164,168	\$349,750	\$513,918
Arizona	52,806	69,620	122,426
Arkansas	171,875	373,170	545,045
California	681,295	742,850	1,424,145
Colorado	181,533	253,000	434,533
Connecticut	95,533	201,600	297,133
Delaware	10,161	14,995	25,156
Florida	127,358	305,000	432,358
Georgia	323,741	410,800	734,541
Idaho	66,114	96,382	162,496
Illinois	762,684	1,068,970	1,831,654
Indiana	278,154	498,700	776,854
Iowa	274,067	122,880	396,947
Kansas	334,160	499,270	833,430
Kentucky	324,044	840,150	1,164,194
Louisiana	163,946	222,600	386,546
Maine	56,810	204,880	261,690
Maryland	112,685	99,290	211,945
Massachusetts	322,829	645,650	968,479
Michigan	510,260	718,000	1,228,260
Minnesota	351,141	403,445	754,586
Mississippi	138,692	240,470	379,162
Missouri	437,375	608,620	1,045,995
Montana	110,316	135,440	245,756
Nebraska	199,656	173,410	373,066
Nevada	8,554	7,193	15,747
New Hampshire	44,647	82,320	126,967
New Jersey	243,178	673,220	916,398
New Mexico	106,472	156,475	262,947
New York City	699,629	1,099,450	1,799,079
New York State	459,819	1,039,450	1,499,269
North Carolina	298,212	357,600	655,812
North Dakota	158,618	251,800	410,418
Ohio	615,033	1,184,200	1,799,233
Oklahoma	510,978	630,670	1,141,648
Oregon	91,539	88,900	180,439
Pennsylvania	2,041,100	2,940,159	4,981,259
Rhode Island	53,314	103,880	157,194
South Carolina	263,722	351,540	615,262
South Dakota	175,880	320,590	496,470
Tennessee	266,833	343,750	610,583
Texas	612,394	741,800	1,354,194
Utah	95,261	106,330	201,591
Vermont	51,354	31,610	82,964
Washington	204,720	303,550	508,270
West Virginia	173,275	191,490	364,765
Wisconsin	190,107	474,320	664,427
Wyoming	321,596	480,075	801,671
District of Columbia	24,938	37,345	62,283
Alaska	6,291	6,291	12,582
Hawaii	97,119	37,540	134,659
Puerto Rico	34,351	34,351	68,702
Total	12,860,720	20,433,907	33,294,627
Not allocated	30,280	167,332	206,612
Grand total	12,900,000	20,601,239	33,501,239

TABLE IV.—Status of N. Y. A. funds by States, 1936 Emergency Relief Act, Dec. 31, 1936

States	OBLIGATIONS		
	Student aid	Works program	Total
Alabama.....	\$122,250.60	\$297,151.62	\$419,391.22
Arizona.....	48,969.46	44,263.88	93,233.34
Arkansas.....	157,544.66	232,188.54	389,733.20
California.....	515,266.78	415,858.46	931,125.24
Colorado.....	145,404.68	163,867.31	309,271.99
Connecticut.....	68,541.92	158,785.80	227,327.72
Delaware.....	8,657.36	12,042.47	20,700.45
Florida.....	117,668.59	211,304.94	328,973.53
Georgia.....	202,461.54	343,505.35	546,186.89
Idaho.....	63,797.21	83,311.81	147,109.02
Illinois.....	639,971.12	909,183.14	1,549,154.26
Indiana.....	267,301.42	367,483.72	634,785.14
Iowa.....	230,852.80	84,544.46	324,497.26
Kansas.....	244,873.61	388,500.39	633,384.00
Kentucky.....	324,039.00	783,003.37	1,107,042.37
Louisiana.....	145,579.05	181,658.00	327,237.05
Maine.....	51,601.26	193,318.94	244,920.20
Maryland.....	92,611.28	54,072.61	146,683.89
Massachusetts.....	277,943.69	330,502.68	608,446.37
Michigan.....	379,833.33	538,962.96	918,796.29
Minnesota.....	285,036.91	372,180.10	657,217.01
Mississippi.....	90,991.48	150,500.16	241,491.64
Missouri.....	361,794.65	512,284.92	874,079.57
Montana.....	98,224.76	104,430.29	202,655.05
Nebraska.....	185,676.18	128,288.67	313,964.85
Nevada.....	8,035.66	3,997.90	12,033.56
New Hampshire.....	27,955.79	53,992.19	81,947.98
New Jersey.....	290,503.52	610,854.91	901,358.43
New Mexico.....	45,951.51	136,194.00	182,145.51
New York City.....	484,906.12	968,143.61	1,453,049.73
New York State.....	228,983.96	961,917.73	1,190,901.69
North Carolina.....	213,963.46	161,990.49	375,953.92
North Dakota.....	141,099.00	199,922.07	341,021.07
Ohio.....	466,486.24	871,644.53	1,338,130.77
Oklahoma.....	476,747.91	616,524.01	1,093,271.92
Oregon.....	70,695.61	36,794.48	107,490.09
Pennsylvania.....	713,189.52	1,912,549.14	2,625,738.66
Rhode Island.....	43,251.99	77,653.78	120,905.77
South Carolina.....	185,915.46	260,982.83	446,898.29
South Dakota.....	148,893.25	231,630.58	380,523.83
Texas.....	222,679.36	285,333.70	508,013.06
Tennessee.....	475,530.38	438,629.43	914,159.81
Utah.....	95,188.26	45,837.33	141,025.59
Vermont.....	26,351.20	13,003.97	41,355.26
Virginia.....	202,847.20	192,342.15	395,189.35
Washington.....	132,097.02	138,427.34	270,524.36
West Virginia.....	138,571.77	283,337.52	421,909.29
Wisconsin.....	250,485.77	455,213.38	705,699.15
Wyoming.....	24,533.40	25,338.62	49,872.02
Yukon.....	765.00	.....	765.00
District of Columbia.....	41,031.42	55,268.84	96,300.26
Hawaii.....	13,134.57	.....	13,134.57
Total.....	10,230,526.31	16,421,799.45	26,672,325.76

TABLE V.—Recapitulation of status of N. Y. A. funds 1935 and 1936 Emergency Relief Acts, Dec. 31, 1936

	Allocations	Obligations
Total N. Y. A. student aid, 1935 act.....	\$25,106,268	\$24,052,090.85
Total N. Y. A. works program, 1935 act.....	17,200,000	15,245,162.71
Grand total.....	42,306,268	39,297,253.56
Total N. Y. A. student aid, 1936 act.....	12,900,000	10,250,526.31
Total N. Y. A. works program, 1936 act.....	30,601,239	16,421,799.45
Grand total.....	33,501,239	26,672,325.76

TABLE VI.—National office expense, January 1937

	Number employees	Total expense
N. Y. A. administrative.....	21	\$7,174.92
N. Y. A. field representatives.....	37	2,995.99
N. Y. A. clerical.....	27	4,746.65
Federal Committee on Apprentice Training.....	12	3,271.65
Educational camps for unemployed women.....	7	1,535.22
Total.....	86	19,748.54

TABLE VII.—Administrative budget to States, January 1937

States	Supervisory salaries	Clerical salaries	Other expenses	Junior placement	Total
Alabama.....	\$2,026	\$1,325	\$820	\$275	\$4,446
Arizona.....	950	330	570	1	1,840
Arkansas.....	1,725	478	972	270	3,445
California.....	4,615	2,300	2,455	1,035	10,535
Colorado.....	1,922	1,180	1,305	4	4,387
Connecticut.....	1,818	645	615	720	3,798
Delaware.....	533	105	100	728	1,228
District of Columbia.....	900	270	208	150	1,528
Florida.....	2,340	1,115	1,791	630	5,756
Georgia.....	2,540	1,560	1,000	510	5,190
Idaho.....	1,292	460	870	2	2,642
Illinois.....	5,895	2,835	3,347	925	12,902
Indiana.....	2,617	1,458	1,565	770	6,350
Iowa.....	1,050	385	790	1,020	3,245
Kansas.....	2,217	1,015	2,150	85	5,267
Kentucky.....	2,869	1,545	1,780	287	6,781
Louisiana.....	1,840	1,180	980	375	4,375
Maine.....	1,102	608	675	2	2,385
Maryland.....	1,810	300	723	3	3,033
Massachusetts.....	3,192	1,625	798	972	6,585
Michigan.....	2,500	1,670	1,670	850	7,945
Minnesota.....	1,960	815	1,410	4	4,185
Mississippi.....	1,835	1,023	1,755	4	4,611
Missouri.....	2,390	1,025	2,300	5	5,555
Montana.....	1,400	375	1,000	2	2,775
Nebraska.....	1,500	820	910	300	3,530
Nevada.....	347	85	45	100	577
New Hampshire.....	990	480	510	1	1,940
New Jersey.....	2,317	723	900	3	3,970
New Mexico.....	1,284	400	970	150	2,804
New York City.....	5,983	2,375	2,805	2	9,965
New York State.....	2,442	2,450	1,190	1,250	6,992
North Carolina.....	1,817	1,280	1,385	880	5,362
North Dakota.....	1,320	110	380	1	2,031
Ohio.....	2,082	2,000	900	7	5,012
Oklahoma.....	3,235	1,455	945	135	6,770
Oregon.....	1,182	845	899	2	3,996
Pennsylvania.....	6,442	3,250	3,210	12	12,902
Rhode Island.....	1,155	615	615	150	2,535
South Carolina.....	1,885	670	975	3	3,230
South Dakota.....	1,697	605	1,698	2	4,002
Tennessee.....	2,227	1,250	1,875	4	5,356
Texas.....	4,192	1,107	823	900	10,072
Utah.....	1,108	290	320	1	1,828
Virginia.....	2,085	1,200	992	4	4,280
Washington.....	1,975	510	702	1	3,188
West Virginia.....	2,000	920	1,023	2	3,923
Wisconsin.....	2,667	1,200	1,340	5	5,207
Wyoming.....	720	225	600	1	1,545
Yukon.....	300	.....	50	.....	350
Total.....	106,356	51,932	62,941	12,394	233,523

TABLE VIII.—Employment and earnings on student-aid projects operated by the National Youth Administration, by States, September 1935

Line no.	State	Total			School			College			Graduate school			Line no.
		Number of schools	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
1	United States.....	4,150	\$221,210	34,924	\$6.33	\$141,480	26,103	\$5.41	\$70,280	8,760	\$6.11	\$403	61	\$7.13
2	Alabama.....	18	362	64	5.66	101	42	2.41	201	22	1.86			3
3	Arizona.....	31	1,268	207	6.71	275	122	4.72	814	48	5.98			4
4	California.....	4	9,640	1,005	8.95	9,467	1,028	5.63	120	9	13.35			5
5	Colorado.....	10	1,176	20	5.93	7	2	3.90	171	28	6.11			6
6	Connecticut.....	3												7
7	Delaware.....	1												8
8	District of Columbia.....	37	3,055	521	5.95	2,335	370	5.90	1,470	147	10.98			9
9	Florida.....	137	8,681	1,259	3.90	3,289	3,289	3.90	595	121	5.22			10
10	Georgia.....	36	8,631	1,259	3.90	3,289	3,289	3.90	595	121	5.22			11
11	Idaho.....	40	15,026	2,599	5.78	10,590	1,800	5.78	2,544	375	5.5			12
12	Illinois.....	40	15,026	2,599	5.78	10,590	1,800	5.78	2,544	375	5.5			13
13	Indiana.....	131	16,738	3,764	8.97	17,367	2,660	4.14	5,398	315	16.48			14
14	Iowa.....	131	16,738	3,764	8.97	17,367	2,660	4.14	5,398	315	16.48			15
15	Kansas.....	70	6,435	1,070	6.00	6,435	1,070	6.00						16
16	Kentucky.....	1	90	6	15.00				50	6	15.00			17
17	Louisiana.....	1	90	6	15.00				50	6	15.00			18
18	Maine.....	3	466	165	0.17	4,353	814	5.57	1,425	120	5.50			19
19	Maryland.....	3	1,425	165	0.17	4,353	814	5.57	1,425	120	5.50			20
20	Massachusetts.....	117	7,422	1,071	6.93	5,816	1,560	4.52	2,597	10,23	10.23			21
21	Michigan.....	279	7,052	1,256	6.20	2,513	1,410	4.52	4,479	570	7.78			22
22	Minnesota.....	279	7,052	1,256	6.20	2,513	1,410	4.52	4,479	570	7.78			23
23	Missouri.....	246	13,260	1,850	5.35	8,543	1,743	5.25	5,116	469	12.31			24
24	Montana.....	74	1,972	352	5.60	1,385	281	4.93	357	71	5.27			25
25	Nebraska.....	1	113	2	5.50									26
26	Nevada.....	2	113	2	5.50									27
27	New Hampshire.....	4	461	69	6.68	230	80	5.46	135	9	15.00			28
28	New Jersey.....	4	461	69	6.68	230	80	5.46	135	9	15.00			29
29	New Mexico.....	2	388	40	7.92				388	40	7.92			30
30	New York.....	2	388	40	7.92				388	40	7.92			31
31	New York City.....	2	388	40	7.92				388	40	7.92			32
32	New York (exclusive of New York City).....	14	1,256	146	8.60	418	70	5.97	838	70	11.03			33
33	North Carolina.....	28	3,424	285	12.91	1,098	136	6.27	3,416	285	12.07			34
34	North Dakota.....	3	612	245	13.74									35
35	Ohio.....	4	3,612	245	13.74									36

Line no.	State	Total			School			College			Graduate school			Line no.
		Number of schools	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
37	Oklahoma.....	226	11,824	1,806	6.54	5,992	1,149	5.10	5,992	659	9.08			37
38	Oregon.....	43	5,210	774	6.73	4,105	663	5.92	1,105	81	13.64			38
39	Rhode Island.....	10	774	774	6.73	4,105	663	5.92	1,105	81	13.64			39
40	South Carolina.....	10	774	774	6.73	4,105	663	5.92	1,105	81	13.64			40
41	South Dakota.....	283	12,913	2,097	6.25	11,211	1,928	5.95	1,702	44	10.23			41
42	Tennessee.....	119	4,084	862	7.29	2,301	424	5.33	1,857	138	13.31			42
43	Texas.....	18	1,875	324	5.64	1,702	311	5.64	1,857	138	13.31			43
44	Utah.....	18	1,875	324	5.64	1,702	311	5.64	1,857	138	13.31			44
45	Vermont.....	14	661	151	4.38	2,005	353	5.44	945	64	14.77			45
46	Virginia.....	102	12,275	1,805	5.74	6,545	1,140	5.74	2,423	260	12.11			46
47	Washington.....	209	12,275	1,805	5.74	6,545	1,140	5.74	2,423	260	12.11			47
48	Washington (exclusive of Washington).....	4	946	175	5.41	946	175	5.41						48
49	West Virginia.....	4	946	175	5.41	946	175	5.41						49
50	Wisconsin.....	4	946	175	5.41	946	175	5.41						50
51	Wyoming.....	4	946	175	5.41	946	175	5.41						51

TABLE IX.—Employment and earnings on student-aid projects operated by the National Youth Administration, by States, January 1939

Line no.	State	Number of schools	Total			School			College			Graduate school			Line no.
			Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	
(1)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
1	United States.....	15,385	\$2,444,451	295,386	\$7.38	\$992,619	108,545	\$4.26	\$1,352,427	112,696	\$11.82	\$890,865	4,805	\$18.70	1
2	Alabama.....	599	39,483	4,752	8.31	13,452	2,854	5.21	25,790	1,875	12.09	930	13	19.31	2
3	Alaska.....	472	30,585	3,688	8.29	10,429	2,129	4.90	13,414	1,272	10.55	130	19	18.67	3
4	Arizona.....	472	30,585	3,688	8.29	10,429	2,129	4.90	13,414	1,272	10.55	130	19	18.67	4
5	California.....	472	30,585	3,688	8.29	10,429	2,129	4.90	13,414	1,272	10.55	130	19	18.67	5
6	Colorado.....	269	20,681	4,337	7.75	13,697	2,644	5.18	17,618	1,458	12.68	766	35	21.89	6
7	Connecticut.....	311	21,619	2,835	7.03	9,135	1,198	7.51	11,477	1,225	11.81	3,220	205	15.15	7
8	Delaware.....	311	21,619	2,835	7.03	9,135	1,198	7.51	11,477	1,225	11.81	3,220	205	15.15	8
9	District of Columbia.....	311	21,619	2,835	7.03	9,135	1,198	7.51	11,477	1,225	11.81	3,220	205	15.15	9
10	Florida.....	311	21,619	2,835	7.03	9,135	1,198	7.51	11,477	1,225	11.81	3,220	205	15.15	10
11	Georgia.....	628	51,857	7,007	8.29	23,423	4,774	4.93	29,057	2,397	12.42	1,387	105	20.20	11
12	Idaho.....	311	21,619	2,835	7.03	9,135	1,198	7.51	11,477	1,225	11.81	3,220	205	15.15	12
13	Illinois.....	160	15,771	2,176	7.75	10,179	1,349	7.51	13,414	1,272	10.55	338	36	9.94	13
14	Indiana.....	583	69,682	8,753	7.06	28,679	5,200	5.45	39,161	3,250	11.02	1,352	121	23.62	14
15	Iowa.....	628	51,857	7,007	8.29	23,423	4,774	4.93	29,057	2,397	12.42	1,387	105	20.20	15
16	Kansas.....	628	51,857	7,007	8.29	23,423	4,774	4.93	29,057	2,397	12.42	1,387	105	20.20	16
17	Kentucky.....	628	51,857	7,007	8.29	23,423	4,774	4.93	29,057	2,397	12.42	1,387	105	20.20	17
18	Louisiana.....	325	69,224	8,398	7.22	10,179	1,349	7.51	13,414	1,272	10.55	338	36	9.94	18
19	Maine.....	76	9,413	1,009	9.45	1,584	292	5.36	2,870	2,868	11.50	1,041	46	23.50	19
20	Maryland.....	76	9,413	1,009	9.45	1,584	292	5.36	2,870	2,868	11.50	1,041	46	23.50	20
21	Massachusetts.....	287	44,171	5,345	7.68	23,895	4,445	5.39	34,418	3,640	9.72	5,785	368	15.72	21
22	Michigan.....	412	62,585	10,748	7.93	31,793	6,138	5.18	38,062	3,201	11.54	2,542	100	25.42	22
23	Minnesota.....	287	44,171	5,345	7.68	23,895	4,445	5.39	34,418	3,640	9.72	5,785	368	15.72	23
24	Mississippi.....	590	26,433	4,307	6.31	11,867	2,666	4.47	18,616	1,779	9.45	1,395	72	23.50	24
25	Missouri.....	138	17,411	2,476	7.18	10,673	1,759	6.98	7,698	1,714	10.74	1,395	72	23.50	25
26	Montana.....	339	31,901	3,713	8.50	11,199	1,717	6.51	19,845	1,784	10.05	885	40	22.13	26
27	Nebraska.....	43	5,942	806	7.22	2,220	413	5.39	3,622	3,622	9.45	1,395	72	23.50	27
28	New Hampshire.....	43	5,942	806	7.22	2,220	413	5.39	3,622	3,622	9.45	1,395	72	23.50	28
29	New Jersey.....	293	5,005	1,379	6.54	3,063	1,063	5.99	2,462	2,462	9.31	1,395	72	23.50	29
30	New Mexico.....	179	134,101	8,710	7.44	30,425	6,416	4.78	47,991	5,869	12.10	18,420	682	26.00	30
31	New York City.....	329	62,001	8,710	7.44	30,425	6,416	4.78	47,991	5,869	12.10	18,420	682	26.00	31
32	New York City (outside of New York City).....	329	62,001	8,710	7.44	30,425	6,416	4.78	47,991	5,869	12.10	18,420	682	26.00	32
33	North Carolina.....	374	25,823	3,201	7.44	13,040	2,292	5.69	10,635	3,410	12.00	995	29	13.66	33
34	North Dakota.....	374	25,823	3,201	7.44	13,040	2,292	5.69	10,635	3,410	12.00	995	29	13.66	34
35	Ohio.....	977	140,437	17,482	8.03	57,698	11,100	5.07	77,506	6,155	12.59	5,420	227	23.89	35

37	Oklahoma.....	886	70,702	9,465	7.46	31,710	6,394	4.90	38,230	3,113	12.32	680	47	12.04	37
38	Pennsylvania.....	953	222,077	26,029	7.40	120,479	22,247	5.22	95,513	7,527	12.45	5,790	330	22.97	38
39	Rhode Island.....	422	29,798	3,686	7.47	10,429	2,129	4.90	13,414	1,272	10.55	130	19	18.67	39
40	South Carolina.....	394	23,294	2,544	7.13	10,429	2,129	4.90	13,414	1,272	10.55	130	19	18.67	40
41	South Dakota.....	1,427	122,253	13,913	8.79	46,053	8,377	5.27	73,397	5,401	7.65	2,610	177	14.75	41
42	Texas.....	83	7,297	2,840	8.65	2,840	1,309	5.18	5,069	2,186	11.79	1,188	48	17.35	42
43	Utah.....	394	23,294	2,544	7.13	10,429	2,129	4.90	13,414	1,272	10.55	130	19	18.67	43
44	Virginia.....	394	23,294	2,544	7.13	10,429	2,129	4.90	13,414	1,272	10.55	130	19	18.67	44
45	West Virginia.....	394	23,294	2,544	7.13	10,429	2,129	4.90	13,414	1,272	10.55	130	19	18.67	45
46	Wisconsin.....	394	23,294	2,544	7.13	10,429	2,129	4.90	13,414	1,272	10.55	130	19	18.67	46
47	Wyoming.....	394	23,294	2,544	7.13	10,429	2,129	4.90	13,414	1,272	10.55	130	19	18.67	47
48	Wyoming.....	394	23,294	2,544	7.13	10,429	2,129	4.90	13,414	1,272	10.55	130	19	18.67	48
49	Wyoming.....	394	23,294	2,544	7.13	10,429	2,129	4.90	13,414	1,272	10.55	130	19	18.67	49
50	Wyoming.....	394	23,294	2,544	7.13	10,429	2,129	4.90	13,414	1,272	10.55	130	19	18.67	50
51	Wyoming.....	394	23,294	2,544	7.13	10,429	2,129	4.90	13,414	1,272	10.55	130	19	18.67	51

TABLE XI.—Employment and earnings on student aid projects operated by the National Youth Administration, by States¹
November 1936

Line no.	State	Number of schools	Total				School				College				Line no.
			Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
1	Grand total.....	26,019	\$2,796,165	350,548	\$7.89	\$1,080,240	223,197	\$4.84	\$1,571,723	122,712	\$12.81			1	
2	Continental United States.....	26,019	2,796,205	350,538	7.89	1,080,240	223,197	4.84	1,571,733	122,712	12.81			2	
3	Alabama.....	631	41,217	5,443	7.57	15,459	3,445	4.50	25,890	1,994	12.79			3	
4	Arizona.....	599	13,715	1,707	7.81	17,757	1,182	6.84	6,068	1,668	11.77			4	
5	Arkansas.....	326	48,198	9,411	4.58	28,378	6,411	4.83	19,220	1,662	11.37			5	
6	California.....	322	21,603	2,659	6.48	7,969	1,437	5.26	13,275	1,544	13.20			6	
7	Colorado.....	469	3,093	1,598	2.82	2,862	1,179	5.49	5,111	1,844	14.09			7	
8	Connecticut.....	697	24,371	4,172	7.79	47,254	3,019	5.69	13,067	1,994	14.35			8	
9	District of Columbia.....	709	175,539	26,146	8.41	60,554	12,006	6.09	49,963	7,641	12.05			9	
10	Florida.....	654	32,371	4,172	7.79	16,569	3,546	5.03	13,780	2,404	14.16			10	
11	Georgia.....	723	16,978	2,177	7.78	47,254	2,861	4.98	31,067	1,994	13.92			11	
12	Idaho.....	427	17,078	2,177	7.78	47,254	2,861	4.98	31,067	1,994	13.92			12	
13	Illinois.....	150	175,539	26,146	8.41	60,554	12,006	6.09	49,963	7,641	12.05			13	
14	Indiana.....	334	175,539	26,146	8.41	60,554	12,006	6.09	49,963	7,641	12.05			14	
15	Iowa.....	769	47,929	7,843	9.23	26,241	5,466	6.03	44,694	3,780	12.17			15	
16	Kansas.....	525	28,101	3,206	7.22	33,699	2,453	6.30	35,952	2,280	12.45			16	
17	Kentucky.....	525	74,101	4,305	6.69	10,701	2,055	3.30	26,634	2,280	11.45			17	
18	Louisiana.....	427	38,210	4,305	8.69	10,701	2,055	3.30	26,634	2,280	11.45			18	
19	Maine.....	297	26,669	3,269	8.68	26,669	3,269	8.68	26,669	3,269	11.45			19	
20	Maryland.....	165	26,669	3,269	8.68	26,669	3,269	8.68	26,669	3,269	11.45			20	
21	Massachusetts.....	142	11,221	1,373	8.71	1,419	1,619	4.62	13,269	1,273	12.34			21	
22	Michigan.....	208	10,879	1,207	8.48	2,055	2,055	4.59	5,882	2,055	12.63			22	
23	Minnesota.....	525	80,853	10,074	8.03	26,617	6,168	8.168	39,617	3,222	12.01			23	
24	Mississippi.....	107	13,135	1,622	8.48	40,437	8,410	4.70	43,939	4,539	13.69			24	
25	Missouri.....	1,062	13,135	1,622	8.48	40,437	8,410	4.70	43,939	4,539	13.69			25	
26	Montana.....	104	28,043	2,604	8.25	15,948	4,197	4.29	33,790	2,604	12.00			26	
27	Nebraska.....	101	24,043	2,604	8.25	15,948	4,197	4.29	33,790	2,604	12.00			27	
28	Nevada.....	87	2,842	228	6.32	3,797	134	5.05	1,500	103	14.70			28	
29	New Hampshire.....	352	44,546	7,267	6.48	28,841	5,167	5.76	15,705	1,189	12.53			29	
30	New Jersey.....	586	71,905	9,739	7.35	30,101	17,713	4.46	41,804	2,861	13.26			30	
31	New Mexico.....	101	25,727	3,774	7.10	8,414	1,894	4.31	17,313	1,495	13.89			31	
32	New York.....	1,101	26,757	5,615	8.47	15,790	3,061	5.26	38,299	2,622	11.85			32	
33	North Carolina.....	280	5,167	5,615	7.10	8,414	1,894	4.31	17,313	1,495	13.89			33	
34	North Dakota.....	280	5,167	5,615	7.10	8,414	1,894	4.31	17,313	1,495	13.89			34	
35	Ohio.....	1,062	13,074	18,337	9.24	51,247	13,563	4.25	17,472	1,475	13.48			35	
36	Oklahoma.....	1,062	28,043	2,604	8.25	6,912	1,416	4.27	17,771	1,475	12.05			36	
37	Oregon.....	104	28,043	2,604	8.25	6,912	1,416	4.27	17,771	1,475	12.05			37	
38	Pennsylvania.....	1,011	24,043	2,604	8.25	6,912	1,416	4.27	17,771	1,475	12.05			38	
39	Rhode Island.....	87	13,289	2,431	6.63	4,670	721	5.64	8,169	623	13.15			39	
40	South Carolina.....	352	44,546	7,267	6.48	28,841	5,167	5.76	15,705	1,189	12.53			40	
41	Tennessee.....	586	71,905	9,739	7.35	30,101	17,713	4.46	41,804	2,861	13.26			41	
42	Texas.....	1,101	26,757	5,615	8.47	15,790	3,061	5.26	38,299	2,622	11.85			42	
43	Utah.....	101	25,727	3,774	7.10	8,414	1,894	4.31	17,313	1,495	13.89			43	
44	Vermont.....	280	5,167	5,615	7.10	8,414	1,894	4.31	17,313	1,495	13.89			44	
45	Virginia.....	270	48,189	5,730	8.22	15,941	3,551	4.49	30,248	2,100	14.10			45	
46	Washington.....	539	86,762	10,113	7.53	31,467	6,581	4.77	55,295	3,496	12.59			46	
47	West Virginia.....	280	5,167	5,615	7.10	8,414	1,894	4.31	17,313	1,495	13.89			47	
48	Wisconsin.....	280	5,167	5,615	7.10	8,414	1,894	4.31	17,313	1,495	13.89			48	
49	Wyoming.....	280	5,167	5,615	7.10	8,414	1,894	4.31	17,313	1,495	13.89			49	
50	Unemployed.....	280	5,167	5,615	7.10	8,414	1,894	4.31	17,313	1,495	13.89			50	
51	Unemployed.....	280	5,167	5,615	7.10	8,414	1,894	4.31	17,313	1,495	13.89			51	
52	Unemployed.....	280	5,167	5,615	7.10	8,414	1,894	4.31	17,313	1,495	13.89			52	
53	Unemployed.....	280	5,167	5,615	7.10	8,414	1,894	4.31	17,313	1,495	13.89			53	

¹ Revised data as of Jan. 8, 1937.

New York State (exclusive of New York City).

Line no.	State	Number of schools	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Line no.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
34	New York State (exclusive of New York City).....	745	101,879	12,017	8.48	35,778	5,922	5.17	62,752	4,949	62,752	4,949	12.68	34
35	Alabama.....	631	15,717	1,463	7.47	18,960	1,545	4.50	26,380	1,994	26,380	1,994	17.79	35
36	Arizona.....	599	42,608	8,079	5.27	28,378	6,367	3.66	19,220	1,662	19,220	1,662	11.57	36
37	Arkansas.....	326	38,551	9,220	7.56	19,365	5,717	2.91	19,186	3,544	19,186	3,544	15.70	37
38	California.....	322	2,003	823	6.48	7,969	1,199	4.96	2,111	1,477	2,111	1,477	15.23	38
39	Colorado.....	469	13,019	1,052	12.40	2,010	395	5.09	8,946	1,852	8,946	1,852	15.37	39
40	Connecticut.....	697	71,458	10,547	6.78	27,755	7,097	5.96	44,697	3,414	44,697	3,414	11.65	40
41	District of Columbia.....	709	175,539	26,146	8.41	65,658	12,068	4.98	109,881	7,648	109,881	7,648	12.25	41
42	Florida.....	654	70,326	9,017	7.31	26,127	5,979	4.37	44,199	3,526	44,199	3,526	11.90	42
43	Georgia.....	723	84,665	15,068	6.22	33,699	8,169	4.71	50,966	3,861	50,966	3,861	12.45	43
44	Idaho.....	427	58,210	4,305	6.69	10,701	2,055	3.30	47,509	2,280	47,509	2,280	11.45	44
45	Illinois.....	150	13,276	1,365	9.72	2,055	566	4.66	10,243	1,755	10,243	1,755	13.89	45
46	Indiana.....	334	18,271	3,365	5.48	10,701	2,055	3.30	7,566	1,755	7,566	1,755	12.51	46
47	Iowa.....	834	81,271	9,581	8.48	28,874	5,703	5.24	52,400	3,473	52,400	3,473	12.51	47
48	Kansas.....	525	10,074	1,074	8.63	25,071	6,198	4.70	50,617	3,623	50,617	3,623	12.93	48
49	Kentucky.....	756	31,514	15,257	6.90	12,954	3,229	4.02	18,560	2,628	18,560	2,628	13.14	49
50	Louisiana.....	211	27,402	3,817	7.18	14,495	2,789	5.20	12,907	1,622	12,907	1,622	12.61	50
51	Maine.....	297	4,345	228	7.74	15,797	3,134	4.03	11,593	1,510	11,593	1,510	14.79	51
52	Maryland.....	257	65,851	7,619	7.74	31,598	5,766	5.05	34,253	2,547	34,253	2,547	11.39	52
53	Massachusetts.....	227	12,278	7,706	6.84	6,068	1,352	4.03	6,210	1,181	6,210	1,181	11.52	53
54	Michigan.....	208	17,112	1,622	9.71	4,330	5,372	4.74	100,900	7,118	100,900	7,118	14.15	54

TABLE XI.—Employment and earnings on student aid projects and work projects operated by the National Youth Administration, by States 1
November 1936—Continued

Line no.	State	Student aid—Continued				Total				Work projects				Line no.
		Graduate school				Total				Adults				
		Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings		Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings		Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
1	Grand total Continental United States	114,102	4,719	\$24.20	\$2,900,441	107,289	\$302,654	5,021	\$78.63	\$2,597,787	102,218	\$78.63	\$15.46	1
2		114,102	4,719	24.20	2,900,441	107,289	302,654	5,021	78.63	2,597,787	102,218	78.63	15.46	2
3	Alabama	348	14	24.86	49,157	4,184	3,326	45	73.96	45,689	4,139	73.96	11.08	3
4	Arizona	1,126	7	16.00	7,740	4,857	8,250	14	58.57	6,929	4,473	58.57	14.05	4
5	Arkansas	4,182	348	13.50	44,182	3,181	14,264	150	45.95	42,979	3,031	45.95	11.07	5
6	California	1,114	1,114	11.14	11,140	1,114	11,140	1,114	11.14	11,140	1,114	11.14	11.14	6
7	Colorado	642	267	24.35	20,132	1,650	3,306	28	121.29	25,756	1,678	121.29	15.87	7
8	Connecticut	4,471	207	21.60	20,132	1,650	3,270	34	117.17	25,740	1,678	117.17	15.46	8
9	District of Columbia	2,068	75	27.91	2,187	1,127	3,406	4	107.69	3,406	1,127	107.69	12.83	9
10	Florida	2,068	75	27.91	3,226	2,033	5,366	84	109.29	3,226	2,033	109.29	12.83	10
11	Georgia	8,016	126	28.04	4,389	12,51	7,089	84	58.49	4,389	12,51	58.49	47.552	11
12	Idaho	1,621	110	20.27	1,621	8,226	2,125	29	92.86	1,621	8,226	92.86	17.465	12
13	Illinois	13,621	497	27.41	107,773	8,226	11,962	7	135.72	107,773	8,226	135.72	17.465	13
14	Indiana	2,250	110	20.45	68,669	4,388	13,634	226	61.45	68,669	4,388	61.45	17.465	14
15	Iowa	1,784	83	20.59	68,669	4,388	13,634	226	61.45	68,669	4,388	61.45	17.465	15
16	Kansas	2,250	110	20.45	68,669	4,388	13,634	226	61.45	68,669	4,388	61.45	17.465	16
17	Kentucky	2,250	110	20.45	68,669	4,388	13,634	226	61.45	68,669	4,388	61.45	17.465	17
18	Louisiana	875	34	25.71	22,667	2,772	6,471	10	62.94	22,667	2,772	62.94	13.16	18
19	Maine	2,250	110	20.45	68,669	4,388	13,634	226	61.45	68,669	4,388	61.45	17.465	19
20	Massachusetts	9,717	4	19.25	18,033	269	3,894	57	66.32	9,717	4	66.32	13.16	20
21	Michigan	2,644	463	19.44	4,624	24,24	20,614	162	87.28	2,644	463	87.28	20.49	21
22	Minnesota	1,777	354	22.75	60,113	3,439	11,440	162	87.28	1,777	354	87.28	20.49	22
23	Mississippi	1,777	354	22.75	60,113	3,439	11,440	162	87.28	1,777	354	87.28	20.49	23
24	Missouri	1,777	354	22.75	60,113	3,439	11,440	162	87.28	1,777	354	87.28	20.49	24
25	Montana	1,777	354	22.75	60,113	3,439	11,440	162	87.28	1,777	354	87.28	20.49	25
26	Nebraska	1,777	354	22.75	60,113	3,439	11,440	162	87.28	1,777	354	87.28	20.49	26
27	Nevada	1,777	354	22.75	60,113	3,439	11,440	162	87.28	1,777	354	87.28	20.49	27
28	New Hampshire	1,777	354	22.75	60,113	3,439	11,440	162	87.28	1,777	354	87.28	20.49	28
29	New Jersey	1,777	354	22.75	60,113	3,439	11,440	162	87.28	1,777	354	87.28	20.49	29
30	New Mexico	1,777	354	22.75	60,113	3,439	11,440	162	87.28	1,777	354	87.28	20.49	30
31	New York	1,777	354	22.75	60,113	3,439	11,440	162	87.28	1,777	354	87.28	20.49	31
32	New Mexico	1,777	354	22.75	60,113	3,439	11,440	162	87.28	1,777	354	87.28	20.49	32

NATIONAL YOUTH ADMINISTRATION

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Line no.	State	Student aid—Continued				Total				Work projects				Line no.	
		Graduate school				Total				Adults					
		Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings		Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings		Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
33	New York City (exclusive of New York State)	24,832	922	26.70	184,539	8,459	15,600	179	103.83	162,571	8,354	103.83	26.05	33	
34	New York State (exclusive of New York City)	1,349	146	22.94	173,321	8,459	20,660	159	103.83	152,571	8,354	103.83	18.10	34	
35	North Carolina	1,301	83	23.86	37,260	2,469	18,567	95	66.35	34,857	2,574	66.35	12.08	35	
36	North Dakota	239	8	29.88	38,288	2,412	18,567	315	43.33	35,876	2,727	43.33	13.58	36	
37	Ohio	6,697	228	24.89	107,774	8,744	12,311	1,669	43.33	94,125	8,459	43.33	11.15	37	
38	Oklahoma	1,017	13	22.06	28,994	1,315	10,170	429	44.44	27,679	1,315	44.44	16.70	38	
39	Oregon	1,017	37	27.49	47,804	3,215	2,966	148	79.08	44,889	3,215	79.08	13.72	39	
40	Rhode Island	46	1	16.50	8,424	8,424	8,424	1	16.50	8,424	8,424	16.50	16.50	40	
41	South Carolina	46	1	16.50	8,424	8,424	8,424	1	16.50	8,424	8,424	16.50	16.50	41	
42	South Dakota	46	1	16.50	8,424	8,424	8,424	1	16.50	8,424	8,424	16.50	16.50	42	
43	Tennessee	46	1	16.50	8,424	8,424	8,424	1	16.50	8,424	8,424	16.50	16.50	43	
44	Texas	46	1	16.50	8,424	8,424	8,424	1	16.50	8,424	8,424	16.50	16.50	44	
45	Utah	46	1	16.50	8,424	8,424	8,424	1	16.50	8,424	8,424	16.50	16.50	45	
46	Vermont	46	1	16.50	8,424	8,424	8,424	1	16.50	8,424	8,424	16.50	16.50	46	
47	Virginia	46	1	16.50	8,424	8,424	8,424	1	16.50	8,424	8,424	16.50	16.50	47	
48	Washington	46	1	16.50	8,424	8,424	8,424	1	16.50	8,424	8,424	16.50	16.50	48	
49	West Virginia	46	1	16.50	8,424	8,424	8,424	1	16.50	8,424	8,424	16.50	16.50	49	
50	Wisconsin	46	1	16.50	8,424	8,424	8,424	1	16.50	8,424	8,424	16.50	16.50	50	
51	Wyoming	46	1	16.50	8,424	8,424	8,424	1	16.50	8,424	8,424	16.50	16.50	51	
52	Hawaii	46	1	16.50	8,424	8,424	8,424	1	16.50	8,424	8,424	16.50	16.50	52	
53		46	1	16.50	8,424	8,424	8,424	1	16.50	8,424	8,424	16.50	16.50	53	

1 Revised data as of Jan. 1, 1937.

TABLE XII.—Employment and earnings on student-aid projects and work projects operated by the National Youth Administration, by States,
December 1936
[Subject to revision]

Line no.	State (1)	Number of persons	Total			School			College			Line no.
			Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
1	United States (including Hawaii).....	22,318	\$2,962,341	388,297	\$7.88	\$1,596,522	250,999	\$4.83	1,038,349	131,299	\$12.40	1
2	Continental United States.....	22,318	2,962,341	388,297	7.88	1,596,522	250,999	4.83	1,038,349	131,299	12.40	2
3	Alabama.....	62	48,271	5,048	7.60	18,839	3,887	4.71	29,432	1,162	12.08	3
4	Arizona.....	78	13,424	1,770	7.59	8,098	1,083	7.47	5,326	679	12.08	4
5	California.....	427	126,646	15,885	7.34	41,249	6,494	6.28	85,397	9,391	12.08	5
6	Colorado.....	351	39,450	5,232	7.54	19,775	2,858	6.91	19,675	2,434	12.08	6
7	Delaware.....	14	2,659	2,841	6.04	1,652	1,186	5.57	1,007	145	12.08	7
8	District of Columbia.....	488	22,232	4,200	7.07	17,685	3,225	5.47	4,547	875	12.08	8
9	Florida.....	62	67,182	10,591	6.34	29,474	7,460	3.95	37,708	3,131	12.08	9
10	Georgia.....	124	18,042	2,411	6.45	9,481	1,350	5.15	8,561	1,081	12.08	10
11	Illinois.....	884	188,042	21,881	8.45	69,481	13,650	5.15	118,561	10,231	12.08	11
12	Indiana.....	178	38,725	5,111	6.12	17,642	2,337	4.99	21,083	2,774	12.08	12
13	Iowa.....	778	68,415	7,901	8.78	31,756	3,756	4.99	36,659	3,954	12.08	13
14	Kansas.....	322	78,942	12,022	6.70	33,725	4,929	3.90	45,217	7,093	12.08	14
15	Louisiana.....	445	38,840	4,691	8.57	11,356	1,422	5.34	27,484	3,271	12.08	15
16	Maine.....	176	28,323	3,428	8.55	8,591	1,759	4.89	19,732	1,667	12.08	16
17	Maryland.....	21	10,910	1,349	8.22	22,562	2,315	5.24	44,110	4,729	12.08	17
18	Massachusetts.....	777	118,910	10,349	7.89	50,552	5,860	4.80	68,358	4,469	12.08	18
19	Michigan.....	584	88,717	10,431	7.89	39,552	4,860	4.80	49,165	3,587	12.08	19
20	Minnesota.....	24	10,910	1,349	8.22	22,562	2,315	5.24	44,110	4,729	12.08	20
21	Mississippi.....	84	10,910	1,349	8.22	22,562	2,315	5.24	44,110	4,729	12.08	21
22	Missouri.....	84	10,910	1,349	8.22	22,562	2,315	5.24	44,110	4,729	12.08	22
23	Montana.....	42	10,910	1,349	8.22	22,562	2,315	5.24	44,110	4,729	12.08	23
24	Nevada.....	13	10,910	1,349	8.22	22,562	2,315	5.24	44,110	4,729	12.08	24
25	New Hampshire.....	33	10,910	1,349	8.22	22,562	2,315	5.24	44,110	4,729	12.08	25
26	New Jersey.....	265	58,541	7,564	7.48	26,569	3,403	5.15	31,972	2,062	12.08	26
27	New Mexico.....	242	11,052	1,804	6.46	7,212	1,388	5.20	4,840	411	10.06	27

Line no.	State	Number of persons	Total			School			College			Line no.
			Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	Earnings	Persons	Average monthly earnings	
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
28	New York City.....	235	138,307	17,791	7.45	58,818	9,373	6.27	79,489	8,418	12.26	28
29	New York.....	235	138,307	17,791	7.45	58,818	9,373	6.27	79,489	8,418	12.26	29
30	North Carolina.....	169	66,000	7,805	8.16	30,522	3,694	8.26	35,478	4,115	12.26	30
31	Ohio.....	1,087	135,834	18,771	8.16	69,511	12,185	5.73	66,323	6,586	12.26	31
32	Oklahoma.....	198	28,885	2,652	8.00	14,168	1,389	10.28	14,717	1,267	12.26	32
33	Pennsylvania.....	990	153,024	20,441	7.42	94,764	13,853	6.84	58,260	6,588	12.26	33
34	Rhode Island.....	606	53,691	8,009	6.22	26,231	4,074	6.84	27,460	4,214	12.26	34
35	South Carolina.....	274	70,622	9,096	7.36	29,702	4,170	7.17	40,920	4,924	12.26	35
36	Texas.....	131	131,425	18,725	6.37	58,155	11,862	4.96	73,270	6,903	12.26	36
37	Vermont.....	1,050	131,425	18,725	6.37	58,155	11,862	4.96	73,270	6,903	12.26	37
38	Virginia.....	45	7,804	1,018	8.52	3,135	420	6.08	4,669	577	12.26	38
39	Washington.....	250	46,045	5,656	7.73	16,197	3,750	4.34	29,848	1,906	12.26	39
40	West Virginia.....	88	10,910	1,349	7.64	5,386	701	4.79	5,524	358	12.26	40
41	Wyoming.....	88	10,910	1,349	7.64	5,386	701	4.79	5,524	358	12.26	41
42	Hawaii.....	31	6,305	892	7.37	3,375	470	5.21	2,930	420	10.06	42

TABLE XII.—Employment and earnings on student-aid projects and work projects operated by the National Youth Administration, by States, December 1939—Continued
(Subject to revision)

Line no.	State	Student aid—Continued				Total				Work projects				Line no.
		Earnings (12)	Persons (13)	Average monthly earnings (14)	Earnings (15)	Persons (16)	Average monthly earnings (17)	Earnings (18)	Persons (19)	Average monthly earnings (20)	Earnings (21)	Persons (22)	Average monthly earnings (23)	
1	United States (including Alaska and Hawaii)	\$19,943	5,012	\$39.75	\$3,021,431	173,672	\$17.40	\$418,881	5,328	\$78.62	\$2,602,550	168,344	\$15.46	2
2	Continental United States	118,632	4,968	24.86	50,924	4,075	12.90	3,790	52	72.31	47,164	4,023	11.72	3
3	Alabama	348	14	24.86	50,924	4,075	12.90	3,790	52	72.31	47,164	4,023	11.72	4
4	Arizona	155	8	19.38	44,158	3,495	16.83	9,898	13	78.83	4,255	4,413	15.15	5
5	Arkansas	155	8	19.38	44,158	3,495	16.83	9,898	13	78.83	4,255	4,413	15.15	6
6	California	4,130	249	16.99	103,824	4,362	22.62	14,465	100	108.58	89,431	4,202	21.28	7
7	Colorado	3,845	175	21.97	25,165	1,222	20.94	5,225	81	64.48	19,940	1,198	17.33	8
8	Connecticut	2,444	101	24.24	2,444	363	15.95	8,619	6	87.26	1,778	129	13.74	9
9	District of Columbia	5,166	181	28.51	2,444	363	15.95	8,619	6	87.26	1,778	129	13.74	10
10	Florida	1,400	4	18.00	33,243	2,153	15.23	6,313	47	69.11	27,930	2,096	12.99	11
11	Georgia	1,400	4	18.00	33,243	2,153	15.23	6,313	47	69.11	27,930	2,096	12.99	12
12	Idaho	2,461	111	22.17	15,092	3,356	17.89	26,112	293	91.27	145,952	8,093	18.03	13
13	Illinois	2,461	111	22.17	15,092	3,356	17.89	26,112	293	91.27	145,952	8,093	18.03	14
14	Indiana	2,461	111	22.17	15,092	3,356	17.89	26,112	293	91.27	145,952	8,093	18.03	15
15	Iowa	2,461	111	22.17	15,092	3,356	17.89	26,112	293	91.27	145,952	8,093	18.03	16
16	Kansas	2,461	111	22.17	15,092	3,356	17.89	26,112	293	91.27	145,952	8,093	18.03	17
17	Kentucky	2,461	111	22.17	15,092	3,356	17.89	26,112	293	91.27	145,952	8,093	18.03	18
18	Louisiana	2,461	111	22.17	15,092	3,356	17.89	26,112	293	91.27	145,952	8,093	18.03	19
19	Maine	2,461	111	22.17	15,092	3,356	17.89	26,112	293	91.27	145,952	8,093	18.03	20
20	Maryland	2,461	111	22.17	15,092	3,356	17.89	26,112	293	91.27	145,952	8,093	18.03	21
21	Massachusetts	2,461	111	22.17	15,092	3,356	17.89	26,112	293	91.27	145,952	8,093	18.03	22
22	Michigan	2,461	111	22.17	15,092	3,356	17.89	26,112	293	91.27	145,952	8,093	18.03	23
23	Minnesota	2,461	111	22.17	15,092	3,356	17.89	26,112	293	91.27	145,952	8,093	18.03	24
24	Mississippi	2,461	111	22.17	15,092	3,356	17.89	26,112	293	91.27	145,952	8,093	18.03	25
25	Missouri	2,461	111	22.17	15,092	3,356	17.89	26,112	293	91.27	145,952	8,093	18.03	26
26	Montana	2,461	111	22.17	15,092	3,356	17.89	26,112	293	91.27	145,952	8,093	18.03	27
27	Nebraska	2,461	111	22.17	15,092	3,356	17.89	26,112	293	91.27	145,952	8,093	18.03	28
28	Nevada	2,461	111	22.17	15,092	3,356	17.89	26,112	293	91.27	145,952	8,093	18.03	29
29	New Hampshire	2,461	111	22.17	15,092	3,356	17.89	26,112	293	91.27	145,952	8,093	18.03	30

NATIONAL YOUTH ADMINISTRATION

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31	New Jersey	226	9	25.11	110,943	4,026	15.45	15,545	167	93.08	95,396	4,759	20.05	31
32	New Mexico	26,628	5	13.60	27,072	1,444	18.75	4,129	146	89.76	22,943	1,398	20.41	32
33	New York	26,628	979	25.63	198,990	10,032	15.12	20,794	165	106.64	177,202	9,857	18.06	33
34	North Carolina	1,598	58	26.52	39,964	2,613	15.12	3,842	41	86.44	36,122	2,576	14.00	34
35	Ohio	5,805	260	25.24	161,102	7,027	15.12	19,123	212	90.20	141,979	7,415	17.03	35
36	Oklahoma	1,338	16	21.13	10,158	5,402	18.87	14,562	36	68.67	6,946	13,499	16.10	36
37	Oregon	6,340	294	23.04	39,964	13,523	24.09	4,790	484	87.15	35,168	12,469	17.48	37
38	Pennsylvania	2,285	133	16.60	54,222	3,080	14.76	8,240	160	51.50	46,042	3,520	13.09	38
39	Rhode Island	1,338	16	21.13	10,158	5,402	18.87	14,562	36	68.67	6,946	13,499	16.10	39
40	South Carolina	1,338	16	21.13	10,158	5,402	18.87	14,562	36	68.67	6,946	13,499	16.10	40
41	Tennessee	1,338	16	21.13	10,158	5,402	18.87	14,562	36	68.67	6,946	13,499	16.10	41
42	Texas	1,338	16	21.13	10,158	5,402	18.87	14,562	36	68.67	6,946	13,499	16.10	42
43	Vermont	1,338	16	21.13	10,158	5,402	18.87	14,562	36	68.67	6,946	13,499	16.10	43
44	Virginia	1,338	16	21.13	10,158	5,402	18.87	14,562	36	68.67	6,946	13,499	16.10	44
45	Washington	1,338	16	21.13	10,158	5,402	18.87	14,562	36	68.67	6,946	13,499	16.10	45
46	West Virginia	1,338	16	21.13	10,158	5,402	18.87	14,562	36	68.67	6,946	13,499	16.10	46
47	Wisconsin	1,338	16	21.13	10,158	5,402	18.87	14,562	36	68.67	6,946	13,499	16.10	47
48	Wyoming	1,338	16	21.13	10,158	5,402	18.87	14,562	36	68.67	6,946	13,499	16.10	48
49	Hawaii	1,338	16	21.13	10,158	5,402	18.87	14,562	36	68.67	6,946	13,499	16.10	49
50		1,338	16	21.13	10,158	5,402	18.87	14,562	36	68.67	6,946	13,499	16.10	50
51		1,338	16	21.13	10,158	5,402	18.87	14,562	36	68.67	6,946	13,499	16.10	51
52		1,338	16	21.13	10,158	5,402	18.87	14,562	36	68.67	6,946	13,499	16.10	52
53		1,338	16	21.13	10,158	5,402	18.87	14,562	36	68.67	6,946	13,499	16.10	53

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